## ferreycorp

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## Management Discussion and Analysis of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Ferreycorp S.A.A. and Subsidiaries

First Quarter 2015

Lima, April 29, 2015. Ferreycorp S.A.A. and subsidiaries (BVL: FERREYC1), a leading corporation in the capital goods sector and complementary services, with presence in Peru, Chile, Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Belize, announces consolidated results for the first quarter 2015. The consolidated financial results have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and are stated in nuevos soles.

## MAIN HIGHLIGHTS

- As of March 31, 2015 consolidated sales amounted to S/. 1,339 million, showing a 9\% increase if compared to same period last year ( $\mathrm{S} / .1,228$ million). In the same way, gross profit increased by 9\%, meanwhile gross margin reached $22.7 \%$ and remained almost similar to $22.8 \%$ obtained in the first quarter 2014.
- During the first quarter 2015, operating profit grew by $14 \%$ due to operating expenses, which, as percentage of sales decreased from $15.2 \%$ to $14.6 \%$ as of March 31, 2015.
- As of March 31, 2015 consolidated net profit reached S/. 31 million, a $38 \%$ decrease if compared to the same period 2014 (S/. 50 million), affected by a foreign exchange loss of $\mathrm{S} / .43$ million during the quarter.
- During the first quarter 2015, EBITDA reached S/. 152 million $6 \%$ higher if compared to S/. 144 million reported the previous year, as a result of an increase in


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sales and an improvement in operating profit. EBITDA margin as of March 31, 2015 was $11.4 \%$, stable if compared to $11.7 \%$ reported the previous year.

## FINANCIAL RESULTS

|  | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales US\$ (million) | 437 | 437 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Net sales S/. | 1,339 | 1,228 | $9.1 \%$ |
| Gross profit S/. | 305 | 280 | $8.8 \%$ |
| Operating profit S/. | 113 | 100 | $13.5 \%$ |
| Financial expenses S/. | $(26)$ | $(24)$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Gain (loss) to exchange rate S/. | $(43)$ | $(6)$ | $603.0 \%$ |
| Net profit S/. | 31 | 50 | $-38.3 \%$ |
| EBITDA S/. | 152 | 144 | $5.7 \%$ |
|  | $22.7 \%$ | $22.8 \%$ |  |
| Gross margin | $8.4 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |  |
| Operating margin | $2.3 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |  |
| Net margin | $11.4 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ |  |
| EBITDA margin | 1.19 | 1.07 |  |
| Leverage ratio | 3.53 | 2.68 |  |
| Net debt / EBITDA |  |  |  |

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## MAIN HIGHLIGHTS

## Shares buyback

In accordance with the notice reported to the Peruvian Security Market (SMV), on April 14, 2015, the Company conducted through the Lima Stock Exchange, 3'000,000 shares repurchase. The Company repurchased these shares, at S/.1.37 per share, using excess cash for this purpose.

## Caterpillar Recognition

Ferreyros was recognized by Caterpillar with the Global Dealer Excellence award for its strong performance and its alignment with Caterpillar, among a group that included the 20 best dealers in the world (of a universe of over 100). Caterpillar once again confirms its long-term relationship with Ferreyros and its satisfaction with the results of its dealer in Peru.

## Acquisition of land located at kilometer 40 of the South Pan-American Highway

As part of the facilities' master plan, which includes, the expansion of some business units and the relocation of some facilities to the outskirts of Lima. Therefore, Ferreycorp acquired a lot in the Punta Negra district, for a total investment of US\$ 20 million. The Corporation will have the ability to consolidate several business units in one corporate complex, achieve synergies, as well as ensure the availability of spaces, which in the future are expected will be limited in Lima.

## Socially-Responsible Company Award

Fargoline, Ferreyros, Mega Representations, Motored and Unimaq, Ferreycorp's companies, were recognized with the Socially-Responsible Company Award by Peru 2021, for their commitment to socially responsible management, as part of their culture and business strategy.
This certification was awarded to 65 companies that operate in Peru, after a rigorous process of selfdiagnostic process, which evaluates the companies' management in four categories: Corporate Quality of Life, Corporate Ethics, Community Relations and the Environment.

## Good Labor Practices Contest

In order to promote respect for labor rights among companies, the Peruvian Ministry of Labor and Employment Promotion (MTPE) carried out the fourth edition of the Good Labor Practices contest where Ferreyros was awarded first place in the category "Professional development and access to training".
Ferreyros obtained this distinction due to its program "Training and Development of Top Professionals", to provide continuous training to technical and administrative employees, by providing access to a set of training and skill development programs.

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## COMMERCIAL MANAGEMENT

Consolidated sales of Ferreycorp S.A.A. and its subsidiaries in Peru, Chile, Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Belize, amounted to S/. 1,339 million during the first quarter of 2015, showing an increase of $9 \%$ compared to the first quarter of 2014. According to what was announced in previous press releases, this figure includes sales of large open pit mining equipment for US\$ 62 million, which were temporarily kept in inventory last year and scheduled to be delivered in the first quarter 2015. It is important to mention that initially the large open pit mining equipment that was programmed to be invoiced during the first quarter 2015 amounted to US\$ 90 million; however, the difference between these figures was invoiced in December 2014, after one of the mining customers requested to deliver part of the mining fleet.

It is worth recalling that Ferreycorp divide its companies in three main groups: Subsidiaries which are Caterpillar dealers and represent allied brands in Peru (Ferreyros, Unimaq, Orvisa and Ferrenergy); subsidiaries which are Caterpillar dealers and have other businesses abroad (Gentrac, Cogesa and Mercalsa); and the ones aimed to offer capital goods and services other than Caterpillar to different economic sectors in Peru and abroad (Motored, Fiansa, Fargoline, Mega Representaciones, Cresko, Forbis Logistics, Sitech and Trex). Sales composition in the first quarter of 2015 showed no substantial variation compared to the same period in 2014.

According to the sales breakdown by group of companies, as of March 31, 2015 Caterpillar dealers in Peru increased their sales by $10 \%$ if compared with the same period 2014 , which was primarily led by Ferreyros as the result of higher sales of new large mining equipment.

Caterpillar dealers in Central America and other businesses abroad reported during this period a 22\% increase in sales, primarily due to higher sales of Caterpillar equipment, which rose by $40 \%$ over the first quarter of 2014, driven by the stronger growth in the construction market in Guatemala. This result was also impacted by an increase in sales of spare parts and services in $22 \%$.

Finally, sales of other subsidiaries aimed to offer capital goods and services other than Caterpillar to different economic sectors in Peru and abroad, slightly decreased in $4.8 \%$. This variation includes the Chilean subsidiary TREX, which compensates Motored and Cresko lower sales affected by slowdown in the economic sectors they attend. It is important to notice that Motored sold during the 1Q 2014 a large fleet of trucks, this operation has not been repeated in the 1Q 2015.

This reflects the diversification strategy adopted by the corporation, in selling various product lines, attention to different economic sectors and presence in different countries.

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SALES BREAKDOWN ACCORDING TO CORPORATE ORGANIZATION


Consolidated net sales (S/. Thousand)

|  | 1Q2015 | \% | 1Q2014 | \% | VAR \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ferreyros + Ferreycorp | 894,598 | $66.8 \%$ | 785,083 | $63.9 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ |
| Unimaq | 115,140 | $8.6 \%$ | 119,685 | $9.7 \%$ | $-3.8 \%$ |
| Orvisa | 44,879 | $3.4 \%$ | 58,578 | $4.8 \%$ | $-23.4 \%$ |
| Total Cat dealers in Peru | $1,054,617$ | $78.8 \%$ | 963,346 | $78.4 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ |
| Total Cat dealers and other | 147,687 | $11.0 \%$ | 121,591 | $9.9 \%$ | $21.5 \%$ |
| businesses abroad | 37,982 | $2.8 \%$ | 71,549 | $5.8 \%$ | $-46.9 \%$ |
| Motored | 46,640 | $3.5 \%$ | 47,214 | $3.8 \%$ | $-1.2 \%$ |
| Mega Representaciones | 21,809 | $1.6 \%$ | - |  |  |
| Trex | 29,870 | $2.2 \%$ | 24,390 | $2.0 \%$ | $22.5 \%$ |
| Otras (Ferrenergy, Fargoline, Cresko, | Fiansa, entre otras) | 136,301 | $10.2 \%$ | 143,153 | $11.7 \%$ |
| Total other subsidiaries | $\mathbf{1 , 3 3 8 , 6 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 8 , 0 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{- 4 . 8 \%}$ |
| Total consolidated sales |  |  |  |  |  |

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## Sales (S/. MM)



As of 31-03-2011 As of 31-03-2012 As of 31-03-2013 As of 31-03-2014 As of 31-03-2015

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\squareCat dealers in Peru ■ Other subsidiaries ■ Cat dealers and other businesses abroad
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## Sales and EBITDA (S/. MM)



As of 31-03-2011As of 31-03-2012As of 31-03-2013As of 31-03-2014As of 31-03-2015


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## SALES BREAKDOWN BY BUSINESS LINE

During first quarter 2015 sales from the Caterpillar line accounted for $82 \%$ of total income, including machinery and equipment (new, used and rental units) as well as spare parts and services.

When analyzing the results by business line, we should highlight the significant increase of $53 \%$ related to Caterpillar equipment sales to large mining customers, having realized, as explained before, delayed sales from last year .

During the first quarter the company invoiced to a mining customer one electric shovel and 411 mining trucks of 400 tons. These operations generate significant gross profit even though a lower margin related to sales and therefore an apparent negative impact on consolidated gross margin. In turn, these sales generate major impact on our market share and leadership, and, at the same time increase the equipment population that will require parts, maintenance and services generating the corporation sustainability in the long term.

Other lines, with smaller share in total sales, also contributed to the corporation sales and showed important increases such as agricultural equipment and logistic services, which rose by $19 \%$ and $91 \%$ respectively. It is important to notice that the logistic business is closely related to the capital goods imports. As importers of equipment from different countries, it is vital to count with a very efficient logistic chain that allows to serve the customers on time, according to their expectations. These logistic businesses, that at the beginning used to serve the corporation subsidiaries, have diversified their customer base.

In particular, the subsidiary Forbis Logistics has a certification from Caterpillar to move spare parts from the United States to other destinations.

Regarding the aftermarket revenues, spare parts and services sales showed an increase of 13\% over the same period in 2014, driven by machinery population sold in recent years in countries where Ferreycorp has presence. It is well known that one of the main characteristics of the corporation is its high-quality after-market service, for which it makes important investments in inventories of spare parts and components as well as in modernizing its workshops and selecting and training its technicians

It is important to notice that sales of spare parts and services continue to represent $37 \%$ of total sales, being the business line that generates higher margins, to cover distribution costs, and generate more EBITDA to the corporation. The after market provided by Ferreycorp to its customers is characterized by high quality standards.

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Sales by business line (S/. MM)

|  | 1Q 2015 | \% | 1Q 2014 | \% | Var \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining trucks and Caterpillar machines (GM) | 233,322 | 17.4 | 152,850 | 12.4 | 52.6 |
| Caterpillar machines and engines for other sectors (NGM) | 278,331 | 20.8 | 278,170 | 22.7 | 0.1 |
| Rental and used | 92,529 | 6.9 | 102,117 | 8.3 | -9.4 |
| Allies equipment | 75,756 | 5.7 | 71,211 | 5.8 | 6.4 |
| Automotive | 25,749 | 1.9 | 61,327 | 5.0 | -58.0 |
| Agricultural equipment | 21,842 | 1.6 | 18,313 | 1.5 | 19.3 |
| SUB TOTAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | 727,529 | 54.3 | 683,988 | 55.7 | 6.4 |
| SPARE PARTS AND SERVICES | 516,021 | 38.5 | 456,613 | 37.2 | 13.0 |
| OTHER LINES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lubricants | 38,558 | 2.9 | 40,883 | 3.3 | -5.7 |
| Logistic services | 16,169 | 1.2 | 8,471 | 0.7 | 90.9 |
| Tires | 16,059 | 1.2 | 17,047 | 1.4 | -5.8 |
| Security implements | 13,075 | 1.0 | 12,106 | 1.0 | 8.0 |
| Metal-mechanics | 9,048 | 0.7 | 4,469 | 0.4 | 102.5 |
| Other | 2,147 | 0.2 | 4,512 | 0.4 | -52.4 |
| SUB TOTAL OTHER LINES | 95,055 | 7.1 | 87,489 | 7.1 | 8.6 |
| TOTAL | 1,338,605 | 100.0 | 1,228,090 | 100.0 | 9.0 |

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## Sales Spare Parts and Services (S/. MM)



Sales by business line (as of March 2015)


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## SALES BREAKDOWN BY ECONOMIC SECTORS

Regarding sales distribution by economic sector, sales to the mining and construction sectors as of March 31, 2015 continued to record the largest sales volume, with shares of $55 \%$ and $23 \%$ of total sales, respectively. As of March 31, 2014 mining sales represented $42 \%$ of total sales, an increase of $13 \%$ as a result of higher sales of large mining equipment as explained before.

## Sales by economic sectors (as of March 2015)



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## ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Sales

| Million of nuevos soles | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | $1,338.6$ | $1,228.1$ | 9.0 |

(See section "Commercial Management" for an explanation of this variation).

## Gross Profit

| Million of nuevos soles | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross profit | 304.5 | 279.9 | 8.8 |

During the first quarter 2015 gross profit increased from the amount obtained in the same period 2014. In percentage terms, gross margin was $22.7 \%$, similar to $22.8 \%$ reported during the first quarter of 2014. This result is explained by:

- Increase of equipment sales to the mining sector, which have a lower margin than other business lines, which offset part of the positive effect led by the recovery of the exchange loss registered in the previous year, reflected in the improved margins in the other business lines. As a reference, in the 1 Q14 sale of large mining equipment represented $12.4 \%$ of total sales compared to $17.4 \%$ during the 1 Q15, in absolute terms $53 \%$ increase YoY.
- Devaluation trend of Nuevo sol: in 1Q 2015 the average exchange rate was $S / .3 .083$, while in 1Q 2014 the average exchange rate was $\mathrm{S} / .2 .811$ which represents a variation of $9.7 \%$. This higher gross profit is partially attributed to the recovery of exchange loss recorded in the current year. The average exchange rate of sales during this quarter was $\mathrm{S} / .3 .06$ compared to the average exchange rate of the cost of goods sold of $\mathrm{S} / .2 .957$, which is the exchange rate used for the machinery acquisition invoiced during the quarter, that led to an exchange loss recovery of $\mathrm{S} / .60$ million approximately.


## Selling and Administrative Expenses

| Million of nuevos soles | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selling and <br> administrative <br> expenses | 194.8 | 186.3 | 4.6 |

Selling and administrative expenses rose by $4.6 \%$ compared to the first quarter 2014, below sales increase.

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Operating expenses, which also include depreciation, amortization and provisions, as a percentage of total sales showed a reduction if compared to the same period last year due to expenses control measures throughout the corporation and reduction measures in some subsidiaries. In that sense, selling and administrative expenses accounted for $14.6 \%$ of total sales in the first quarter of 2015, compared to $15.2 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014. Selling and administrative expenses increased basically due to the incorporation of new business TREX, with operations in Chile, and due to the increase in some variable expenses as a result of higher sales.

## Financial Expenses

| Million of nuevos soles | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial expenses | 25.5 | 24.4 | 4.6 |

Financial expenses for the first quarter of 2015 showed a variation of $4.6 \%$ compared to the first quarter of 2014. It is important to mention that Ferreycorp financial debt is taken in dollars and has maintained stable, US\$ 644 million as of 1Q 2015 compared to US\$ 646 million in 1Q 2014. Nevertheless, the increase in the accounting registration and, therefore, in the financial expenses is due to higher exchange rate (1Q 2015: S/. 1,957.1 million; 1Q 2014: S/. 1,913.8 million). The stability in Ferreycorps debt reflects the corporation effort regarding asset management.

It is noteworthy that the company revenues are mainly in foreign currency, customer payments are made in dollars and there is no real significant loss regarding income, because they are mainly in dollars.

## Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss

| Million of nuevos soles | 1Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foreign Exchange <br> gain/loss | -42.9 | -6.1 | 603.0 |

The exchange loss in 1Q 2015 was produced by a devaluation of the sol against the dollar of $3.61 \%$. During the 1Q 2014 there was also a Nuevo Sol devaluation of only $0.46 \%$.

It is important to highlight that the company has a natural hedge, considering that sales -as well as machinery import, invoicing to clients and financing- are made in foreign currency (US dollars). The net currency position is widely covered by inventories, which are recorded in US dollars but registered in the balance sheet using the exchange rate at the date of acquisition. As of March 31, 2015 the inventory was registered at an average exchange rate of $S / .2 .952$ while liabilities were registered at an exchange rate of $S / .3 .097$. The difference generated a reserve in inventory of $S / .70$ million that will be recover in the upcoming months when these inventories are invoiced at a higher exchange rate to which they were registered when they were acquired.

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## Net Profit

| Million of nuevos soles | 1 Q15 | 1Q14 | \%Var. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net profit | 31.0 | 50.2 | -38.3 |

As explained above, the net profit during the first quarter 2015 was impacted by the exchange rate loss, which should be recover in the upcoming moths, as has been recovered during the quarter great part of the exchange rate loss generated during the last year.

## EBITDA

| Million Soles | 1 Q 15 | 1 Q 14 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Net Profit | 31.0 | 50.2 |
| + Financial Expenses | 25.5 | 24.4 |
| +/- Foreign Exchange gain (loss) | 42.9 | 6.1 |
| +/- Income tax | 20.3 | 26.1 |
| +/- Share in the results of associated <br> companies | -1.8 | -2.0 |
| + Depreciation and amortizatoin | 34.5 | 39.4 |
| EBITDA | 152.5 | 144.2 |

The first-quarter 2015 EBITDA reached to $\mathrm{S} / .153$ million compared to $\mathrm{S} / .144$ million reported in the first quarter of 2014, a $5.7 \%$ increase primarily due to higher sales and improvement of the operating profit. In foreign currency, the decrease equals to $3.0 \%$, from US\$ 51 million in the 1 Q14 to US\$ 50 million in the 1Q15. However, EBITDA margin has maintained almost stable, from $11.7 \%$ in 1 Q 14 to $11.4 \%$ in 1Q15. We should note that EBITDA margin as of December 2014 reached $10.7 \%$.

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## Ebitda as of March 2015 (million S/.)


$77 \%$ of the corporation's EBITDA is generated by Caterpillar dealers and allied brands in Peru (Ferreyros, Unimaq and Orvisa), which are the businesses contributing more to sales and profit in the corporation. On the other hand, $10 \%$ of EBITDA is generated by Caterpillar dealers and other businesses abroad, while $13 \%$ comes from local and foreign subsidiaries aimed to offer capital goods and services for the different economic sectors, in accordance with sales distribution.

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## ANALYSIS OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

As shown in Appendix 2, total assets as of March 31, 2015 amounted to $\mathrm{S} / .4,581.5$ million, compared to S/. 4,319.8 million as of March 31, 2014, representing an increase of S/. 261.7 million (6.1\%).

This variation was primarily due to an increase of $S / .95 .4$ million in inventories explained by the purchase of machinery and equipment, which includes an electric shovel that will be invoiced during this year and other equipment for customers that will operate infrastructure projects during 2015.

The increase in total assets is also explained by a S/. 87.9 million increase in fixed assets explained mainly by the purchase of land in Punta Negra that will allow better coverage and attention to our customers. This land has been acquired at a lower cost per square meter than what is expected to be in the future, and at an average cost of the others corporation properties.

Financial liabilities as of March 31, 2015 amounted to $\mathrm{S} / .2,001.1$ million, or US $\$ 646$ million, which represented an increase of $10.7 \%$ in soles and $0.4 \%$ in dollars if compared to the debt of S/. 1,807.6 million or US\$ 643 million as of March 31, 2014. It is worthy to mention that financial liabilities include US\$ 17 million corresponding to the acquisition of TREX.

The percentage of financial liabilities corresponding to short-term debt is $30.2 \%$ ( $\mathrm{S} / .603 .5$ million), while ( $S / .1,397.6$ million) is long-term debt.

The debt that matures in 2015 is US\$ 173 million. This amount could be considered high if compared to the debt that matures during the following years, except of the international bonds that mature in 2020. The corporation has followed a short term financing strategy in order to make more flexible the funding and take advantage of better market conditions, in Perú and abroad. This strategy allows the corporation to improve the interest rates and reduce the effect in the financial expenses. These credits will be canceled with the corporation resources and with available credit lines. The corporation has more than US\$ 700 million of available credit lines in local and foreign banks, Caterpillar Financial Services and the line for inventory financing from Caterpillar.

Below is the maturity structure of the consolidated liabilities, which is $92.5 \%$ in dollars. The nuevos soles funding belongs to subsidiaries financing that have a percentage of their income in nuevos soles. $90 \%$ of total debt has been contracted at fixed rate, which cover us from possible increases in interest rates.

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Maturity Structure of Liabilities (US\$ MM)


## Gross debt by rate

## Gross debt by currency



## Investment in Fixed Assets (CAPEX)

| In million soles | 1Q 2015 | 1Q 2014 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Infraestructure (1) | 62.0 | 7.5 |
| Machinery and equipment | 19.6 | 8.8 |
| Rental fleet | $(17.6)$ | 27.1 |
| Other (2) | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Total | 65.8 | 45.3 |

Note: In the Financial Statements reported to the Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores (Superintendency of Securities Market. SMV, in Spanish), the items above have the following nomenclature:
(1) Buildings and other constructions
(2) Transport units, furniture and appliances

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Capital expenditures (CAPEX) as of March 31, 2015 amounted S/. 65.8 million (US\$ 21 million), 45\% higher if compared to the same period in 2014. The amount is divided as follows: $94 \%$ on infrastructure, $30 \%$ on machinery and equipment, $3 \%$ on other items and $-27 \%$ (net) in rental fleet.

## FINANCIAL RATIOS

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Current ratio | 1.80 | 1.89 |
| Financial Debt ratio(1) | 1.19 | 1.07 |
| Indebtedness ratio (2) | 1.92 | 1.82 |
| Net debt/ EBITDA ratio (3) | 3.53 | 2.68 |
| Adjusted debt / EBITDA ratio (4) | 2.82 | 2.13 |
| Financial expenses coverage ratio (5) | 5.98 | 5.91 |
| Assets turnover | 1.12 | 1.25 |
| Inventory turnover | 2.51 | 2.64 |
| ROE | $4.6 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ |
| ROA | $1.6 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ |
| ROIC (6) | $10.2 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ |
| Cash cycle | 154 | 142 |
| Book value per share | 1.55 | 1.51 |

(1) Financial debt net of cash/equity
(2) Total liabilities/equity
(3) Net cash of cash
(4) Short-term debt related to inventory financing is excluded
(5) EBITDA/financial expenses
(6) EBIT / Equity + Net debt

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## Financial ratios



As of March 31, 2015 both ROE and ROA have declined over the same period last year, mainly affected by the exchange loss that impacted the corporation results. Additionally, the ROA has also been affected by the increase in assets, explained above. ROIC has been impacted by the increase in operating expenses and higher debt in functional currency, impacted by the rise in the exchange rate.

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FERREYCORP S.A.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Income Statement (NOTE)
(In thousands of nuevos soles)

|  | 1Q2015 | \% | 1Q 2014 | \% | Var |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | \% |
| Net Sales | 1,338,605 | 100.0 | 1,228,090 | 100.0 | 9.0 |
| Cost of goods sold | -1,034,090 | -77.3 | -948,197 | -77.2 | 9.1 |
| Gross profit | 304,515 | 22.7 | 279,893 | 22.8 | 8.8 |
| Selling and Administrative expens | -194,822 | -14.6 | -186,272 | -15.2 | 4.6 |
| Other income (expenses), net | 3,351 | 0.3 | 5,980 | 0.5 | -44.0 |
| Operating profit | 113,044 | 8.4 | 99,601 | 8.1 | 13.5 |
| Financial income | 4,973 | 0.4 | 5,227 | 0.4 | -4.9 |
| Gain (loss) to exchange rate | $-42,945$ | -3.2 | -6,109 | -0.5 | 603.0 |
| Financial expenses | -25,515 | -1.9 | -24,403 | -2.0 | 4.6 |
| Share in the net result of associated through the equity method | 1,760 | 0.1 | 1,990 | 0.2 | -11.6 |
| Profit before income tax | 51,317 | 3.8 | 76,306 | 6.2 | -32.7 |
| Income tax | -20,296 | -1.5 | -26,063 | -2.1 | -22.1 |
| Net Profit | 31,021 | 2.3 | 50,243 | 4.1 | -38.3 |
| Earning per Share | 0.031 |  | 0.053 |  |  |
| EBITDA | 152,468 | 11.4 | 144,233 | 11.7 | 5.7 |

NOTE: Some figures have been reclasified in this document to include the assignment in gross profit of purchase orders transferred by CAT to Ferreyros, as sales and cost of sales. This assignment was part of the purchase agreement of the former Bucyrus business acquired from Caterpillar. In the Income statement presented to the SMV, the gross profit obtained from such operations is included in Other operating profit.

## Ferreycorp

FERREYCORP S.A.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES
APPENDIX 2

Statement of Financial Position

| (In thousands of nuevos soles) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | As of 31-03-2015 As of 31-03-2014 | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Variation } \\ \%\end{array}$ |  |
| Cash and banks | 132,029 | 165,828 | -20.4 |
| Accounts receivables - trade | 803,228 | 771,690 | 4.1 |
| Inventories | $1,568,149$ | $1,472,766$ | 6.5 |
| Accounts receivables - other | 127,308 | 117,333 | 8.5 |
| Prepaid expenses | 23,429 | 18,349 | 27.7 |
| Current Assets | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 4 , 1 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 4 5 , 9 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 2}$ |


| Long-term account receivables - trade | 36,916 | 31,132 | 18.6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Long-term account receivables - other | 6,316 | 6,003 | 5.2 |


| Rental fleet | 536,877 | 586,876 | -8.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other fixed assets | $1,431,231$ | $1,259,931$ | 13.6 |
| Accrued depreciation | $1,968,108$ | $1,846,807$ | 6.6 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | $-562,593$ | $-529,223$ | 6.3 |


| Investment | 80,356 | 71,456 | 12.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Intangible assets, net and goodwill | 250,003 | 224,473 | 11.4 |
| Deferred income tax | 148,237 | 123,176 | 20.3 |
| Non current assets | $\mathbf{1 , 9 2 7 , 3 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 7 3 , 8 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 7}$ |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{4 , 5 8 1 , 4 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 3 1 9 , 7 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 1}$ |


| Short term debt | 231,177 | 192,555 | 20.1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other current liabilities | $1,241,935$ | $1,151,233$ | 7.9 |
| Current liabilities | $\mathbf{1 , 4 7 3 , 1 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 3 , 7 8 8}$ | 9.6 |
| Long term debt | $1,397,580$ | $1,279,121$ | 9.3 |
| Other payables | 968 | 2,205 | -56.1 |
| Deferred income taxes | 139,748 | 160,146 | -12.7 |
| Total Liabilities | $\mathbf{3 , 0 1 1 , 4 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 8 5 , 2 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 1}$ |


| Equity | $1,570,078$ | $1,534,530$ | 2.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total Liabilities and equity | $4,581,486$ | $4,319,790$ | 6.1 |


| Other financial information |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Depreciation | 30,736 | 36,501 |
| Amortization | 3,715 | 2,904 |

## Ferreycorp

## SALES

(In thousand of nuevos soles)

|  | 1Q 2015 | \% | 1Q 2014 | \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Var } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining trucks and Caterpillar machines (GM) | 233,322 | 17.4 | 152,850 | 12.4 | 52.6 |
| Caterpillar machines and engines for other sectors (NGM) | 278,331 | 20.8 | 278,170 | 22.7 | 0.1 |
| Rental and used | 92,529 | 6.9 | 102,117 | 8.3 | -9.4 |
| Allies equipment | 75,756 | 5.7 | 71,211 | 5.8 | 6.4 |
| Automotive | 25,749 | 1.9 | 61,327 | 5.0 | -58.0 |
| Agricultural equipment | 21,842 | 1.6 | 18,313 | 1.5 | 19.3 |
| SUB TOTAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | 727,529 | 54.3 | 683,988 | 55.7 | 6.4 |
| SPARE PARTS AND SERVICES | 516,021 | 38.5 | 456,613 | 37.2 | 13.0 |
| OTHER LINES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lubricants | 38,558 | 2.9 | 40,883 | 3.3 | -5.7 |
| Logistic services | 16,169 | 1.2 | 8,471 | 0.7 | 90.9 |
| Tires | 16,059 | 1.2 | 17,047 | 1.4 | -5.8 |
| Security implements | 13,075 | 1.0 | 12,106 | 1.0 | 8.0 |
| Metal-mechanincs | 9,048 | 0.7 | 4,469 | 0.4 | 102.5 |
| Other | 2,147 | 0.2 | 4,512 | 0.4 | -52.4 |
| SUB TOTAL OTHER LINES | 95,055 | 7.1 | 87,489 | 7.1 | 8.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 1,338,605 | 100.0 | 1,228,090 | 100.0 | 9.0 |

SALES DISTRIBUTION BY ECONOMIC SECTORS

|  | 1Q 2015 | 1Q 2014 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mining | $55.4 \%$ | $42.2 \%$ |
| Construction | $23.0 \%$ | $32.5 \%$ |
| Government | $0.5 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| Transport | $3.1 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ |
| Industry, commerce and services | $10.6 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Agriculture and forestry | $2.5 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| Fishing and marine | $0.8 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Hydrocarbons and energy | $3.4 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| Others | $0.6 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

## Ferreycorp

## FERREYCORP S.A.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

APPENDIX 4

## Total Liabilities as of March 31, 2015

(In Thousand of US dollars)

|  | Total Liabilities | Current Liabilities | Long term liabilities |  | (A) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Financial Liabilities |
| Local banks (short term) | 56,903 | 56,903 | - | - | 56,903 |
| Foreign banks (short term) | 41,694 | 41,694 | - | - | 41,694 |
| Local banks (long term) | 44,554 | - | 12,623 | 31,931 | 44,554 |
| Foreign banks (long term) | 78,435 | - | 35,971 | 42,464 | 78,435 |
| Local and foreign banks (long term)-lea | 4,423 | - | 3,123 | 1,300 | 4,423 |

Suppliers:

| Accounts payable to Caterpillar (inve | 33,605 | 33,605 | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accounts payable to Caterpillar | 18,442 | 18,442 | - | - | 18,442 |
| Other | 87,261 | 87,261 |  |  | 3,186 |
| Corporate bonds | 295,645 | - | - | 295,645 | 295,645 |
| Caterpillar Financial | 98,434 | - | 22,929 | 75,505 | 98,434 |
| Other liabilities | 212,967 | 163,107 | - | 49,860 | 4,424 |
| Total (US\$) | 972,363 | 401,012 | 74,645 | 496,705 | 646,139 |
| Total (S/.) | 3,011,408 | 1,241,935 | 231,177 | 1,538,296 | 2,001,092 |

## Ferreycorp

FERREYCORP S.A.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES ..... APPENDIX 5
Cashflow statemet
(In thousands of nuevos soles)
As of 31-03-15
Cash flows from operating activities
Trade accounts receivables ..... 1,399,980
Suppliers ..... -1,169,651
Employees and others ..... -102,326
Taxes ..... -29,724
Net cash provided by operating activities ..... 98,279
Cash flow from investing activities
Acquisition of property, machinery and equipment ..... -88,022
Intangible acquisitions ..... -1,753
Sale of property, machinery and equipment ..... 90
Net cash used in investing activities ..... $-89,685$
Cash flow from financing activities
Financial liabilities ..... 393,462
Financial liabilities payed ..... -341,057
Interests payed ..... -24,078
Net cash used in financing activities ..... 28,327
Net increase in cash ..... 36,921
Cash at the begining of the year ..... 89,949
Result in traslation ..... 6,848
Cash due to variation in exchange rate ..... -1,689
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year ..... 132,029

